



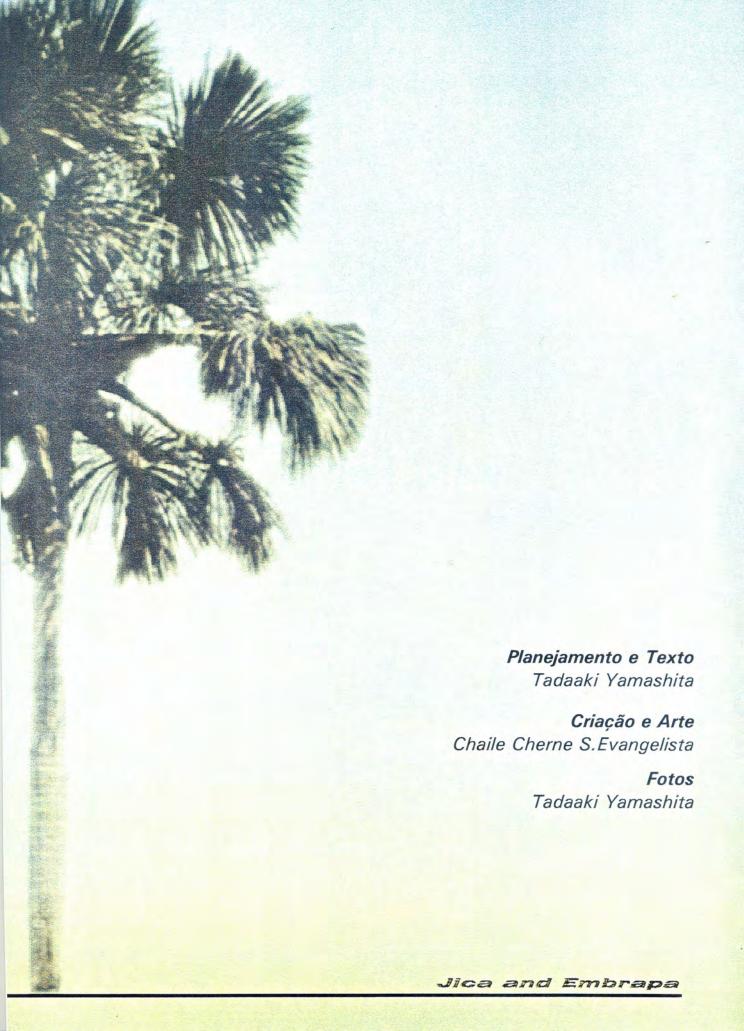


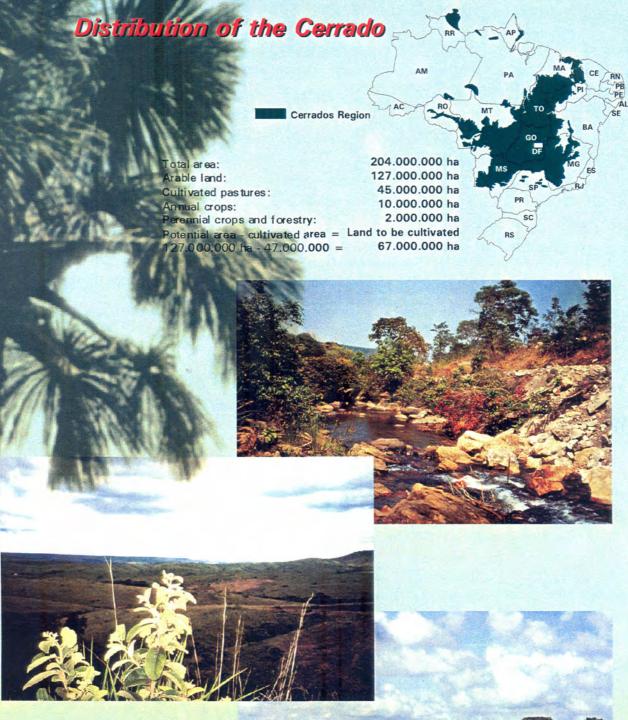


1994/1999

Tadaaki Yamashita

Planaltina, DF 1999





Typical scenery and vegetation in Cerrado



#### 1- The Brazilian Cerrado

	Commodities production in the Cerrado					
Commodities	Absolute and relative* Production 1,000 tons (percentage)					
	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997**
Soybeans	310 (3.1*)	1 833 (12.1)	5 961 (32.6)	6 348 (31.9)	11 322 (44.2)	12 000 (46.2)
Corn	2 824 (17.3)	3 706 (18.2)	4 132 (18.8)	4 352 (20.4)	8 687 (24.0)	8 000 (25.8)
Rice	2 335 (30.0)	3 555 (36.4)	2 634 (29.2)	1 464 (19.7)	2 404 (21.4)	1 300 (16.3)
Beans	300 (13.1)	231 (11.7)	277 (10.8)	390 (17.5)	511 (17.4)	700 (23.3)

\*Percentage of Brazil's production \*\*Estimated figures Source: Embrapa Cerrados, 1997

**Total Brazil** 

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		Animal	produc	tion in t	he Cerr	ado			
	Product	Percentage of Brazil's Production							
	FIUUUCL	1975	1980	1985	1990	1993	1997		
	Beef cattle	31.4	32.9	36.4	37.5	38.5	40.2		
	Swine	21.2	17.3	20.0	20.8	20.4	20.0		
	Poultry	14.0	13.6	12.6	13.0	12.3	12.3		
	Goats	14.7	13.8	13.4	9.7	15.4	_		
	Milk	22.9	25.3	28.9	28.1	30.3	33.1		
	Eggs	12.7	11.7	14.2	14.2	14.7	17.2		

\* estimated figures Sorce: Embrapa Cerrados, 1997



#### Soybean production

Trees with twisted trunks

	Among the Diazman States					
Ctatas	In thousands of square kilometers					
States	Total Area	Cerrado Area	Percentage			
Minas Gerais	582	384	66,0			
Tocantins	287	249	86,8			
Mato Grosso	881	421	47,8			
M. Grosso do Sul	350	216	61,7			
Piauí	250	162	64,8			
Bahia	559	82	14,7			
Maranhão	324	141	43,5			
Ceará	146	2	1,4			
Pará	1,227	-11	0,9			
Rondônia	243	41	16,9			
Goiás	355	355	100,0			
Distrito Federal	5	5	100.0			

8,456

Distribution of the Nucleus of the Cerrado

Among the Brazilian States

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24,5

### USTAMANIE AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION IN CERRADO

FROM AUGUST 1st, 1994 TO JULY 31st, 1999.

To improve, in Cerrado, technologies for sustainable agriculture which take the environment into account.

## GENERAL ACTIVITIES OF THE PROJECT

- 1. Evaluation of agro-environmental resources
- 2. Soil deterioration: causes and control technologies
- 3. Crop protection: control methods
- 4. Crop production system: selection and development

Japanese expert in experimental field





Counterpart organization Embrapa Cerrados

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## EVALUATION OF AGRO-ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

- 1.CLARIFYING THE DISTRIBUTION OF PLANT SPECIES AND DEFINING THE LAND USE CONDITIONS
  - Qualification and evaluation of natural flora resources and land use of Cerrados by using the remote sensing technology and ecological approaches (ST\*)
    - 2. CLARIFYING THE CONDITIONS OF SOIL EROSION
      - Estimation of soil erosion in cultivated lands in Cerrados (ST\*).
  - 3. CLARIFYING THE ACTUAL CONDITION OF WATER RESOURCES AND WATER QUALITY
    - Evaluation of water quality of Cerrado Water System (ST\*).

\*ST = Japanese short term consultant.



Natural flora resources and land use







Water resources and examination of water quality

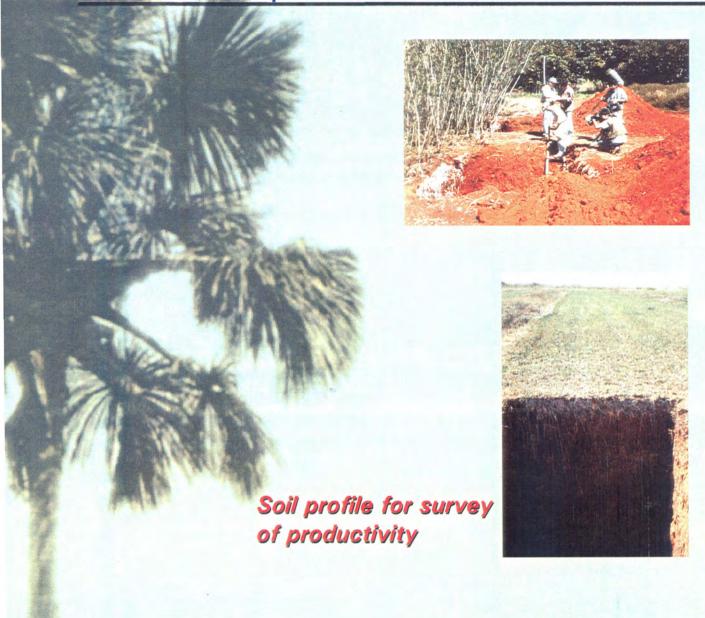




#### SOIL DETERIORATION

- 1. ANALYZING THE PRIMARY IMPEDING FACTORS OF SOIL PRODUCTIVITY AND IMPROVING COUNTERMEASURES
  - Improvement of soil management technology to control soil degradation (LT\*).
  - Development of tillage system to lessen soil compaction (LT\*).

- 2. SEARCHING FOR THE CAUSE OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SOIL DEGRADATION AND DEVELOPING METHODS FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE NUTRIENT AND WATER SUPPLYING ABILITY.
- Diagnosis of degradation in soil chemical and biological properties and efficient improvement (LT\*).
- \*LT = Japanese long farm consultant.





Experiment of soil management



Examination of soil physical propreties

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#### **CROP PROTECTION**

- 1. STUDYNG THE CONDITIONS UNDERLYING THE SUDDEN OUTBREAKS OF PESTS AND DISEASES.
  - Survey on incidence of seedborne and/or airborne diseases of major crops (LT).
  - 2. IMPROVING THE CONTROL
    TECHNOLOGY FOR SOILBORNE
    DISEASE AND
    DEVELOPING AGRONOMICAL
    COUNTERMEASURES.
- Ecological and physiological studies on soilborne diseases and their control by sustainable field management (LT).
- 3. IMPROVING THE INTEGRATED PEST CONTROL
  TECHNOLOGY AND DEVELOPING FORECASTING
  TECHNOLOGY FOR UNFORESEEN OUTBREAKS
  OF PESTS.
- Development of biological control pests (ST & LT)
- Survey on ecological of Scarabaeidae and nematodes as affected by tillage system and cropping system (ST).





Soybean pest, Anticarsia gemmatalis



Soybean leaves damaged by Anticarsia gemmatalis



Rearing of A. gemmatalis for preparation of biological pesticide

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# CROPPING PRODUCTION SYSTEM

1. SELECTING AND INTRODUCING CROPS ADAPTABLE TO THE ENVIRONMENT.

 Selection of functional plants adaptable to Cerrado environmental conditions to improve physical, chemical and/or biological properties of soil (ST).

#### 2. DEVELOPING THE CROPPING SYSTEM

 Development of production system of optional crops to soybean cultivation based on their growth response and sustainability (LT).



Soybean field in Cerrado



Development of production system



Selection of functional plant (Pearl Millet)



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# ACCOMPLISHMENT IN TERMS OF INPUTS

#### JAPANESE INPUTS

- Dispatch of Japanese experts
   Acceptance of Brazilian
   counterparts
  - 3. Provision of machinery and equipment
- 4. Supplementary fund to cover local costs
  5. Dispatch of team

#### **BRAZILIAN INPUTS**

- Provision of land, buildings and facilities
- 2. Budgetary allocation
- 3. Assignment of counterparts and other personnel
- 4. Supply and replacement of machinery and equipment



#### INSTITUTIONAL GOAL OF Embrapa Cerrados

TO MAKE POSSIBLE TECHNOLOGICAL, COMPETITIVE AND SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS FOR AGRIBUSINESS OF THE REGION OF CERRADO, IN BENEFIT OF THE SOCIETY.

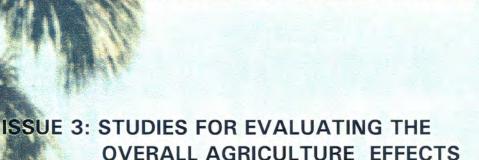
## ISSUE 1: IMPROVEMENT OF THE CURRENT PRODUCTION SYSTEMS

- To study in details the performance of some used production systems, such as:
  - Beans
  - Corn
  - Soybean
  - Wheat
- 2. To identify the main constraints in the crop production scheme, aiming to give answers, such as:
- Reduction of production costs
- Increasing of crop productivity
- Irrigation usage
- Analysis of market tendencies

THE SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION SYSTEMS

New options to make up possible agriculture systems will be studied looking at the follow issues:

- Introduction of fruit crops
- Integration of crop production and livestock
- Integration of crop production and forestry
- Exploring the potentialities of native plant species, related to:
  - Woody species
  - Fruit species
  - Aromatic species
  - Ornamental species
  - Medicinal species



 To compare traditional crop systems against alternative one's

ON THE ENVIRONMENT

- To evaluate the environmental degradation
- To evaluate the economical and social impacts of agriculture in the Cerrado's ecosystem
- To evaluate the biodiversity, as related to flora, macrofauna, mesofauna, and microfauna
- To quantify the CO<sub>2</sub> absorption and emission from Cerrados's ecosystem



Lagoa Bonita View from Embrapa Cerrados

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

Embrapa Cerrados has a total of 428 employees distributed as follows:

Researches		93
	BSc	02
	MSc	50
	PhD	37
	Pos-Doctor	04
Support for	Research and	
Developmen	t	330





Empresa Brasileira de Pesquisa Agropecuária Embrapa Cerrados

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